

Running.
Livery to be found
in Illinois.

TONS

NG HORSES

LADIES,

NEW BUGGIES,

HORSES,

MENLEMEN.

AND COUPES,

Evening Driving.

Every line all best.

Eclipse Stable.

SELL BUGS.

OFF

RNMAN.

ND SIGN



TER!

Kalsomining.

Hazing, &c.

Wardburn's Groceries

Square, Decatur, Illa.

D BEER

ALE

e Families.

would respectfully inform

and the public that

settling works, and is

part of the city the

at the lowest mar-

pint and quart bottles.

Sport Beer, in pints

magnate Ale, in pints

Porter, in quarts.

Water (pinto juice) in

tins. Water always

ing a Specialty.

in the city or country

KUNY, Prod'r

Works, Corner Jackson

streets,

July 1st, 1877.

OK'S

ced Catalogue.

Instructions, with

the best Fl-Worn

word, and the way to

make them

erman and Englis,

Quarterly, 25 cents a

Vegetable Garden, 30

cent cloth covering \$1.00.

JAMES VICK,

New York

ARD

Company,

YORK.

RED 1825.

President.

Vice President.

or Damage by Fire

FORGE,

ILLIS.

SALE.

Jersey Bull

MEDWAY, agent five

years for the

Cattle Ohio, 7th and

George E. Whiting, Jr.

port, R. J. His

and, N. S., were

He will be sold at

public auction apply at

the

SAE STABLE.

Time Outlines.

T. N. LAUX & BRO.

1877.

REVOLUTION

TIME CARD

STREET CARS.

Leave Old Square.....

And average distance up to 1800 P. M.

For morning trains going North

And West will leave Old Square 6 A. M.

Early morning trains West will

Leave.....

Leave Depot.....

And average distance up to 1800 P. M.

From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. a car will run

each end of the route every 15 minutes.

Baggage converted to and from the depot

will call for baggage for all trains

that leave at Priest's Hotel in time to

two cars.

F. PRIEST,

President H. W. and C. Co.

May 26, 1878—J. J.

PACIFIC HOUSE,

OWNER OF WILLIAM AND MILLIE FRY,

No. 26, known as the Hickory House,

now prepared to keep Boarders at the

rate of \$2.50 and \$3.00 per week.

F. H. MORRIS, Proprietor.

Decatur, Ill., May 2, 1878.

A. A. MURRAY.

N. H. Murray Agent for Sale on reasonable

terms.

\$1200.00 and terms free. TRUE & CO.

Agents wanted.

A. A. MURRAY.

At my house dur-

ing his drug store.

Decatur Daily Republican.

LaBooD

VOL. 6.

DECATUR, ILL., MONDAY, AUGUST 27, 1877.

TALK ABOUT LOW PRICES!

CALL AT
J. R. RACE & CO.'S
MARBLE FRONT

Clothing House!

WATER STREET, DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Men's Summer Suits, \$1.75,
at the \$1.00 and \$1.25; Laundry
Shirts from 75c, up to the best in
the market.A fine line of Summer Drawers
and Gauze Undershirts, at prices
that defly competition.Boys' Wool Hats at 50 cents; the
best in town at that price.Men's Wool and Fur Hats in
proportion.

Best \$5.00 Silk Hats in town.

Boys' Suspenders, 10 cents a
pair.Men's Suspender, from 15 cents
up to the finest silk web.

Paper Collars, 10 cents a box.

J. R. RACE & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS!

Water Street, Decatur, Illinois,

We have the largest stock of
Clothes, Costumes and Vestments, which they are
sure to be the best in the market.A large line of Summer Drawers
and Gauze Undershirts, at prices
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J. R. RACE & CO.,

GOLD! GOLD! GOLD!

(though hard to get and slippery to hold)
is the ONE THING NEEDFUL. Say, friend,
have you got it? If not, you will find
comfort and consolation by taking the
reliable Hannibal & St. Joseph R.
R. in route to the San Juan Minas of
Colorado and New Mexico, or to the
Black Hills. Rich discoveries have
recently been made in the above mining
regions, showing that the due is treasure
enough to all for the taking. The
discoveries prepared to furnish transportation
for LABOR on SMALL parties
through to Cheyenne City or DEADWOOD,
either via Omaha or Denver, at the low
est possible rates. For the Black Hills
buy tickets only to Cheyenne, and fit
out for the mines from there. For San
Juan, ticket to Pueblo or El Moro.

For further information apply to

J. BREWSTER, Agent, III.

O. T. PENFIELD, Quincy, Ill.

G. P. & T. A., Hannibal, Mo.

Feb. 28, 1877—J. J.

HAVE OPENED A

New Undertaking Establishment

Two Doors South of the Main

N. Market Hotel.

We have engaged the services of a
competent Undertaker to attend to all
funerals, burials, &c., & a large supply of

Wood & Metallic Caskets.

we solicit a share of public patronage.

COFFINS!

GIMMING AND SHOOTING, at Wholesale.

COFFINS!

we solicit a share of public patronage.

COFFINS!

GIMMING AND SHOOTING, at Wholesale.

COFFINS!

TELEGRAPHIC
THE WAR.REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.
SCHIPKA PASS ABANDONED
BY THE RUSSIANS.

The Republican voters of the several townships of Macon county are requested to elect delegates to a county convention, to be held at the Court House, in Decatur, on

Saturday, September 22, 1877, at one o'clock p.m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of County Clerk, County Treasurer, County Judge, and County Superintendent of Schools, and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

The several townships and voting districts, will be entitled to the following number of delegates, being one for each 50 votes, and one for each fraction of 25 votes over 50 votes of the vote cast for Hayes, to-wit:

Decatur—1st district, 8; 2nd district, 6; 3rd district, 5; 4th district, 4; Austin, 2; Blue Mound, 2; Friends Creek, 3; Hickory Point, 2; Hiawatha, 2; Illinois, 2; Long Creek, 2; Miami, 1; Marion, 2; Mt. Zion, 2; Macon, 4; Minto, 2; Oakley, 2; Pleasant View, 2; Wheatland, 2; Whitmore, 3; Total, 61.

By order of the County Central Committee

JOHN A. HAYES, Secy.

LATE TO-DAY.

Reader, did you ever set up a new press? If you did, you will understand why we are late to-day, and if you did not you will probably be able to understand the innumerable delays which interpose themselves in the course of such an operation. We hope to be on time to-morrow.

We are indebted to Capt. S. M. Lake, of the Post office Department, Washington, D. C., for a copy of the United States Official Postal Guide.

PRESIDENT HAYES is soon to visit Kentucky and Tennessee, and thus the Postmaster General can pay his Excellency back in his own coin, by introducing him to the southern crowds as "one who for four years was greatly wrong, but who is now greatly right."

At the American Temperance Union held recently at Cooper Institute, New York, not only were all intoxicating drinks denounced, but pepper, salt, mustard, vinegar, oaks, candies and other confectionery, as it was stated that they were all calculated to breed intemperate habits in the young.

The medical director of an insurance company has compiled some facts of interest regarding the lives of 180 men who had attained the age of three score and ten years and upwards. Fifty-eight were over eighty, ten over ninety, and one was ninety-six. Of the whole number, at thirty, only thirty were below the average in bodily vigor; eighty-five above it. Most of them had spent their lives in the country, and most gave to business steady attention, without vacation or systematic recreation. Seventy-five were farmers, sixty-two mechanics, twenty-six merchants, and seventeen belonged to the liberal professions. All, with scarcely an exception, were in the habit of retiring early and rising betimes in the morning. Two only had gray hair at thirty, and but twenty-four at their advanced age were bald. One hundred and fifty-one were married at thirty, and all but four of the remainder subsequently married. Only eight used neither tea nor coffee, and but three were vegetarians. One hundred and thirteen either smoked or chewed at the age of thirty. Fifty-four at this period of their lives were total abstainers from liquor, and thirty more joined their ranks in later years. Seventy were intemperate at thirty, but only thirteen were then habitually addicted to the use of intoxicants. Of the one hundred and five who drank at times, at thirty, the number ultimately decreased to sixty-nine. All were able to take exercise on foot, and many could do more or less work.

Two Russian Generals have been ga-zetted as meeting "a hero's fate," viz: Gen. Doroshevsky, killed at Schipka Pass, which he had three days defended, and Gen. Tchotchowassoff, the popular and well-known cavalry-commander in Armenia. If the gazette doesn't spell their names right it will be no fault of ours.

California's Richest Men.

The San Francisco Bulletin gives the names of some two dozen men with capitals of over \$4,000,000 each, and says it is a true sampling at that, and that many more plural millionaires exist, besides those purposely omitted from the list as worth only between one and three millions each. Flood, O'Brien, Mackay and Fair, the house-keepers, are reckoned as worth \$100,000,000; Stanford, Huntington, Crocker and Hopkins, the principal owners of the Central Pacific Railroad and its branches, are credited with \$50,000,000, or twelve and a half million apiece, and are expected to be the richest men in America in five or six years. None of the rich men of California are beyond middle age, and none of them began wealthy.

Great Turkish Victory Reported
in Asia.

THE STRICKEN SENATOR.

More Encouraging Prospects of Recovery.

Partial Destruction of the
Bridge.

NEW YORK, August 25.—A war correspondent, writing under date of Friday, July 31, sends the following graphic and thrilling details of the death of a Turkish general, who was one of the bravest and most intrepid men in the Ottoman army, and who was killed at the recent engagement at Koydro. The letter reports that he had fallen in the battle, and followed gallantly of the courageous gird of God, and details of the last moments of Abd Pasha. Though one of the rarest generals we possess, he was unfortunately for the last few days shorn of symptoms of insanity, though which had arrived just in season to shield him from a Russian source.

The Times says it has intelligence that Suleiman Pasha captured the Schipka entrenchedments with fifteen guns and pushed on to Gabrova.

LONDON, August 25.—A dispatch dated Erzerum, Saturday, says: The Russians advanced upon Kurnkara and Woroktay, on Friday, but were compelled to retreat after five hours' engagement, during which some of their ammunition cases were exploded by Turkish shells. A telegram was received at Constantinople saying that the Russians lost 4,000 killed in this affair.

Mukhtar Pasha telegraphed as follows: "We have gained a great victory, having captured the heights of Kiziltepe, and repulsed three Russian attempts to retake them. Two hundred cannons were removed from his invalid chair, which is a favorite position during his illness, and was put to bed, and requested papers to be read, and entered heartily into a discussion of various topics of interest. From 8 to 11 o'clock there was but little change in his condition, yet his friends watched with alated breath the hiding of his invalid, which has arrived, and still those fatal pains in the right side have not returned. One reason why his physician and family have been so anxious to have favorable reports of his condition will be referred to the paper is the fact that the Senator daily has every paragraph relating to his case read, and if the paper has had an unfavorable item slipped out, it must be justified to satisfy his demand for news concerning himself. Friends of the Senator, on last night, emphasized his improved condition, noticed the departure of Dr. Thompson, for Pennsylvania. The fact appears that Dr. Thompson was obliged to go after his family, yet so anxious was the Senator's condition this morning that 'telegrams' were sent recalling Dr. Thompson, who will probably arrive to-morrow. The Senator is surrounded by his entire family except one son, now en route from Alaska. Gov. Barbey has been the first to be one of the strongest hopes for the Senator's recovery, and perhaps the best, for he has stood beside the Senator's couch too often when all others despaired of him, and seen the Senator rally in a few hours and occupy his seat in the Senate chamber. Your correspondent is to be informed of your four prominent resident physicians outside the Senator's sick room, for not half a dozen people outside the Schmidt family have seen him for a week. These doctors have watched the progress of the disease, and know at least all favorable symptoms of his condition. One doctor says this pain in the side which returns every alternate twenty-four hours, and each limb earlier and more severe, with tendency to sweep up from the abdomen to the chest, is an ugly symptom. Benefit of medical terms, it is water in the cavity of the chest, and threatens fatal results. Another equally prominent physician asserts that the bleeding which has been resorted to will not save the Senator's life. The fact is, the Senator is suffering from a complication of old rheumatism and pleurisy attack, which will, in all probability result finally in 40 years. The third physician, and his name would be recognized throughout the West, considers the Senator's condition alarmingly critical, and should he experience paralysis of the heart, he will die. He left a confined and helpless life, who may await another attack in months. The last medical report is, although he was convalescent with the Schmidt's constitutional malady, yesterdays temperature was 100° F., and went on bravely fighting the enemy. A brigadier general fell mortally wounded, as well as two colonels. The General's aid-de-camp tried hard to save the General by dragging him along by the leg; he was shot upon by a Russian, to whom he gave his quietus with his revolver. The Russian had previously fired on him and scorched the side of his uniform. The aide-de-camp kept on dragging the body by the leg until he saw a squadron of cavalry bearing down upon him, when he fled and bid farewell in a ravine. He died ofify for which the General suffered but had prevented the division from taking part in the fray. I do not think a single Russian would have left to tell like this, and we should rejoice to have their artillery.

CORONET BLUES, Aug. 25.—Two spans of the Missouri river bridge at this place, 250 feet each in length, were blown down and almost wholly destroyed during a violent flood and rain storm, which prevailed here at an early hour this morning. The storm was from the north, and struck the eastern end of the immense structure with such force as to wrench 300 feet of it from its foundations and topple it into the river, twisting the wrought-iron stringers and columns into an endless variety of shapes. About one-half of the debris is out of sight under the water, and the remainder lies on the sides and at the foot of the embankment or eastern approach. It is impossible, at this writing, to give anything like a correct estimate of the loss, but it is undoubtedly very heavy. The dammed pier, so far as can be ascertained, is uninjured, as also the remainder of the bridge, nine spans in length. In consequence of this disaster, communication with the west is wholly interrupted at this point for the present, but arrangements will doubtless be perfected shortly, either for the erection of temporary spans until permanent ones can be supplied, or for the transfer of freight and passengers by ferry. It is expected that telegraphic connection with the west will be established this afternoon. There are various surmises as to the immediate cause of the accident to the Union Pacific bridge, but the general opinion seems to be that it was a cyclone which struck it. John Pierrepont, the night watchman, was at the grand house at the east end at the time the accident occurred, and had a narrow escape from death. He was pinned in the river for half an hour before being able to extricate himself. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. It will probably take two or three months to rebuild the structure.

THE President and party will get home to Washington on Saturday. We hope that they have preserved the speeches which they have made on the present tour. Each should read his utterances over occasionally, as a grand opportunity tooyer repeat memory, travel calling for such uses. When a man says something, have nothing to say, even when that man is a president or secretary of state, nothing can save the words from being stale, flat and altogether unprofitable.

LONDON, August 25.—A dispatch from Schombe states that the Turks, last night, at Pa-Paskin, after a fierce engagement, turned the Russian left wing. The Russians were repulsed along the whole line, and suffered heavy losses.

LONDON, August 25.—The Turks in strong force violently attacked Schipka Pass Thursday, on three sides. All onslaughts were repulsed. At 9 in the evening a rifle battery, however, stormed the heights of the Russian right, and desperate fighting continued till midnight, when an eclipse of the moon stopped the lighting. The Russians maintained all their positions, notwithstanding the Turks' numerical superiority and cross-fire. The Russians

have now fought for four days the battle of Suleiman Pasha's army, without partaking of rest or warm nourishment. Further considerable re-enforcements were expected during the night. The fighting on Friday was confined to a lively cannonade. The Turkish left wing, threatening the Russian rear, has been driven from its position. All quiet at Lofstoch and Plevna.

Suleiman Pasha telegraphs concerning the report of Wednesday's desperate fighting, without decisive result. Fighting was resumed Thursday. The Russians are completely surrounded. We command their lines of retreat to Gabrova. To-morrow a decisive assault will be made. As the Russians have not profited by the darkness to retreat they risk being all captured.

BOSTON, August 26.—The Russian bulletin, relative to the battle at Schipka Pass, says: "Fighting continued all of Friday. Our troops retain all their positions. Our losses during the four days' fighting have been considerable, twenty-seven wounded officers and nine hundred men being brought to Gabrova. The number killed is unknown." The cannonade in the pass was renewed Saturday morning.

A Constantinople dispatch, dated Sunday, says a telegram from Suleiman Pasha announces that he has taken the two works in the pass.

A telegram from Adrianople says that he has received here that Suleiman Pasha had taken the third works, and was attacking Gabrova. A Russian bulletin dated Goray Sunday, says: "Fighting continued Saturday in the pass, with terrible violence. Our troops have maintained their position, and have repulsed several powerful attacks. To day (Sunday) Gen. Doroshevsky, who commanded the force holding the pass for the first three days, met a heroic death." The letter reports that he had fallen in the battle, and followed gallantly of the courageous gird of God, and details of the last moments of Abd Pasha. Though one of the rarest generals we possess, he was unfortunately for the last few days shorn of symptoms of insanity, though which had arrived just in season to shield him from a Russian source.

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RICHMOND, IND., August 25.—Your correspondent was unable to get the serious change in Senator Morton's condition as promised him, and he has passed the latter portion of the night in pain. His condition at this hour—10 a.m.—is much worse than at 10 o'clock last night, and is so acknowledged by Dr. Bliss, of [redacted].

11 a.m.—Senator Morton's pains are extending upward, his face is

asical condition.

(Signed) R. B. HAYES.

RICHMOND, IND., August 26.—Doctor Bliss reports that Senator Morton's

condition has steadily improved during the day, that he has had no return of acute pains of the right side, that there

is no danger of paralysis of the heart;

that the Senator has slept naturally during a considerable portion of the time, and he is willing to have his medical reputation upon the assurance that the side pains will not return.

Col. Holloway is decidedly hopeful this evening. Gov. Burbank is outspoken in his assurance that the Senator has passed the crisis and is certainly improving. Why, the Senator is so much better to day we have moved him from the sick room into the back parlor, where he has reclined during the afternoon upon a flexible lounge pleasantly chatting with his friends. Dr. Thompson has been telegraphed that he need not hasten his return from Pennsylvania, but is expected to night. In direct contradiction Dr. Bliss with earnestness based his medical reputation upon the fact that the pains in the side will not return. A lady neighbor declares at 3 o'clock this afternoon, when official bulletins announced the Senator was sleeping quietly, that she was heating hot flannels and otherwise assisting the attendants in relieving acute pains in the Senator's left side. These pains have for forty eight hours been creeping up from the abdomen to the chest, and the cool finger lies in their reach.

"It is asserted by parties whose word is not questioned that at least upon one occasion bleeding has been resorted to in the treatment. The Senator's professional man is a practical fellow, and when the attendants are assuring the reporters the Senator is improving the smiles ghastly and shaking his head.

At 10 o'clock he is resting well.

11 o'clock—Senator Morton has just moved from his couch to an easy chair, and seems to be resting easy now.

Dr. Bliss says the doctor is not known

to have been to the Senator's room.

Col. W. Holloway, Senator Morton's brother-in-law, who has been constantly with the Senator since his arrival, has been increasing in his efforts to furnish information of the Senator's condition. It is but natural that his views have been somewhat different from those of Dr. Bliss, as he has been told that the Senator has given up all hope.

Dr. Bliss gave notice to the Associated Press, at 11 o'clock, that the Senator was out of danger. At three o'clock this afternoon Dr. Bliss with earnestness based his medical reputation upon the assurance that the side pains will not return.

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ment of
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Decatur Daily Republican
DODGATUR, ILLINOIS!
Monday Evening, August 27.

We are sorry to inform you that Mr. Wood, our Postmaster, has been removed from the office of Postmaster by the Postmaster General.

We are sorry to inform you that W. W. Wadsworth, County Clerk, has been removed from his office.

COTTON DRAFTING DEPARTMENT.

Linen & Cotton Drafting Department yesterday.

The excursion from Terre Haute to Decatur, Saturday evening, last, numbered 1500 hundred people, arriving about noon.

A very sudden change will be necessary to give us the fresh trout beds predicted for the last of August.

This ranks among the hottest days of the season.

Corn is now maturing rapidly.

At Milledge's potatoe, poll \$1.15 cents per bushel.

To Chicago and back for only three dollars on Sept. 4th, returning on the night of Sept. 5th.

Ninety-niners, near the Mount, sells all kinds of groceries, hardware, dry-goods, etc.

Choice mackerel and white fish at Newell & Hammer's.

For Taylor's, we have orders at Armstrong's.

Caldwell Brothers' goods, meet all wants by day or night. Leave orders at Price's Hotel, and never pay a bill.

If you want to buy a house, at very low price, call H. Pollard on Merchant street.

Auk & Lucks are offering bargains to nice carpet goods, which does not bring known in Decatur.

N. Lawry & Bro. have at their library stock can be found in Central Illinois.

Birkett & Bellard are turning out some very nice, big, good cigars, which the boys all like.

On Saturday morning, it is proposed to keep the best meat which the market affords. Also fresh fruit and vegetables.

The best of everything in the line of tofus articles may be found at Armstrong's.

And still the jolly watermen regale the throng boys, and the kind thereof make people to walk on slippery places.

An exchange says that some men talk like adults, not walk like Satan. We have no idea that there is more truth than fiction in the statement.

Black trees have already commenced shedding their leaves, especially maple and other varieties, which put out their foliage early in the spring.

Clouds' Courtroom buildings this afternoon at 1 o'clock. In the absence of Judge Smith, Judge Nelson took the chair, and will preside until the arrival of Judge Smith, who is expected to arrive next week.

On last Saturday evening, on Merchant street, a drunken rough struck another fellow who was so drunk that he could hardly stand upon his feet, knocking him "against" a lady who was passing, throwing her to the sidewalk. Persons soon gathered around the lady to her feet, whereupon it was seen she was not seriously injured. Such rowdyism on the street should be promptly suppressed and severely punished.

The contractor who is doing the work of South Main street hope to commence putting up "the" new, though considerable grading yet remains to be done.

The original Georgia Minstrels are to entertain Decatur people on Saturday evening next, at the opera house. The troupe is headed by its husband, who draws a crowded house.

The Indiana Coal Company has a kind of coal. Principal office, at Osssey's book store, two doors west of the Postoffice. Call and examine our premises.

A fine idea—An exchange has the following valuable hints in favor of putting in several kind of seed, and we commend them to the attention of our friend readers.

Diversity in sowing has so many advantages that it should find favor in the minds of every sensible agriculturist. It puts in the ground a great variety and provides the necessary manure. It should distribute over the labor and each recipient pretty evenly throughout the year, prevent overworking in any single department and so tends to keep up prices. Is favorable to the rotation of crops, and to the soil.

With the close of this week autumn begins, and we would advise all housekeepers should examine the fine stock of stoves at R. C. Crocker's, and especially his improved patterns of heating stoves which he has in hand, which for economy and convenience cannot be excelled in this or any other town.

The Danville News man has evidently got his back up, but doesn't seem to be afraid of having his hands laid on him.

Mr. A. E. Gorman called at the Republican office this morning for his application for a writ of habeas corpus, and was granted it.

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